
I. HR 514 Patriot Act Extensions/Passage. Bill that would extend through May 27, 2011 three expiring provisions of the anti-terrorism law known as the Patriot Act. The provisions are those relating to access to business records, individual terrorists as agents of foreign powers, and roving wiretaps until December 8, 20II. Passed 86-I2; 2/I5/20II. Became Public Law 2/25/20II.
2. H Con Res 36 FY 20II Planned Parenthood Funding/Adoption. Concurrent resolution that would direct the House clerk to make a correction in the enrollment of a bill (HR 1473) to provide $\$ 1.055$ trillion in discretionary funding for FY 201I, and insert a section that would bar the use of funds in the bill for the Planned Parenthood Federation of America Inc. or its affiliates. Rejected 42-58; 4/I4/201I.
3. HR I473 FY 20II Continuing Appropriations/Passage. Bill that would provide $\$ 1.055$ trillion in discretionary funding for FY 201I, $\$ 39.9$ billion less than FY 2010 spending. The bill contains a full Defense Department spending bill that would appropriate $\$ 513$ billion for FY 2011 , plus $\$ 157.8$ billion for overseas operations. Spending for other government agencies and programs would be based on FY 2010 levels, less certain reductions, rescissions and eliminations. The bill would bar the use of federal or local funds for abortions in the District of Columbia. It also would modify, reauthorize and appropriate funds for the D.C. Opportunity Scholarship Program through FY 2016. (This program provides low-income students with scholarships, or school vouchers, to attend the D.C. school of their choice, including private or parochial.) Passed $81-19$; 4/I4/20II; Became Public Law 4/I5/20II.
4. H Con Res 34 House FY 2012 Budget Resolution/Motion to Proceed. Reid (D-NV) motion to proceed to consideration of the concurrent resolution, informally known as "The Ryan Budget," named for its sponsor Rep. Paul Ryan (R-WI), that would allow $\$ 2.859$ trillion in new budget authority for FY 20I2. (See House vote 6.) Motion rejected 40-57; 5/25/20II.

|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama |  |  |  |  | Florida |  |  |  |  |
| Sessions | Y | $\gamma$ | $\gamma$ | $\gamma$ | Nelson | Y | N | Y | N |
| Shelby | Y | Y | N | Y | Rubio | Y | Y | $N$ | $Y$ |
| Alaska |  |  |  |  | Georgia |  |  |  |  |
| Begich | N | N | Y | N | Chambliss | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| Murkouski | Y | N | $\gamma$ | $N$ | Isaleson | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| Arizona |  |  |  |  | Hawall |  |  |  |  |
| Kyl | Y | Y | Y | Y | Akaka | Y | N | $Y$ | N |
| McCain | Y | Y | Y | Y | Inouye | Y | N | $Y$ | N |
| Arkansas |  |  |  |  | Idaho |  |  |  |  |
| Boozman | N | Y | Y | Y | Crapo | Y | Y | N | $Y$ |
| Pryor | NV | N | Y | N | Risch | $Y$ | Y | N | $Y$ |
| California |  |  |  |  | Ilunois |  |  |  |  |
| Boxer | Y | $N$ | r | N | Durbin | Y | N | $Y$ | N |
| Feinstein | Y | N | Y | N | Kirk | Y | N | $Y$ | $v$ |
| Colorado |  |  |  |  | Indiana |  |  |  |  |
| Bennet | Y | N | , | N | Coats | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| Udall | Y | N | $\gamma$ | N | Lugar | Y | Y | $Y$ | Y |
| Connecticut |  |  |  |  | Iowa |  |  |  |  |
| Blumenthal | Y | N | r | N | Grassley | Y | Y | Y | $Y$ |
| Lieberman | Y | N | Y | N | Harkin | N | N | $Y$ | N |
| Delaware |  |  |  |  | Kansas |  |  |  |  |
| Carper | Y | N | , | N | Moran | y | Y | Y | N |
| Coons | Y | N | r | N | Roberts | $Y$ | Y | $\gamma$ | NV |

Kentucky

| McConnell | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paul | N | $Y$ | N | N |
| Louisiana |  |  |  |  |
| Landrieu | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | N |
| $V$ itter | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | $Y$ |
| Maine |  |  |  |  |
| Collins | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | N |
| Snowe | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | N |
| Maryland |  |  |  |  |
| Cardin | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | N |
| Mikulski | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | $N$ |


| Massachusetts |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Brown | Y | N | Y | N |
| Kerry | NV | N | Y | N |


| MıCHIGAN |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Levin | Y | N | N | N |
| Stabenow | Y | N | Y | N |


| Minnesota |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Franken | $Y$ | N | $\gamma$ | N |
| Klobuchar | $Y$ | N | $\gamma$ | N |
| MISSISSIPPI |  |  |  |  |
| Cochran | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| Wicker | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| Missouri |  |  |  |  |
| Blunt | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| McCaskill | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |
| Montana |  |  |  |  |
| Baucus | $N$ | $N$ | $\gamma$ | $N$ |
| Tester | $N$ | N | $Y$ | N |
| Nebraska |  |  |  |  |
| Johanns | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| Nelson | Y | N | Y | N |

Nevada

| Heller |  |  |  | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reid | $Y$ | N | Y | N |
| New Hampshire |  |  |  |  |
| Ayotte | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | Y |
| Shaheen | $Y$ | $N$ | Y | N |
| New Jersey |  |  |  |  |
| Lautenberg | $N$ | $N$ | Y | N |
| Menendez | $Y$ | N | Y | N |


| New Mexico |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bingaman | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |
| Udall | $N$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |

## New York

Schumer

## North Carolina

| Burr | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hagan | $Y$ | N | Y | N |

Hagan

## North Dakota

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Conrad | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |
| Hoeven | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |


| Orıo |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Brown | N | N | Y | N |
| Portman | Y | Y | Y | Y |

Окцанома

| Coburn | Y | $Y$ | N | $Y$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inhofe | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $N$ | $Y$ |
| Oregon |  |  |  |  |
| Merkley | $N$ | N | Y | N |
| Wyden | $Y$ | N | N | N |


| Pennsylvania |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Casey | Y | N | Y | N |
| Toomey | Y | Y | N | Y |
| Rhode Island |  |  |  |  |
| Reed | Y | N | Y | N |
| Whitehouse | Y | N | Y | N |
| South Carolina |  |  |  |  |
| DeMint | Y | Y | N | Y |
| Graham | Y | Y | N | Y |

South Dakota

| Johnson | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Thune | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |

Tennessee

| Alexander | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Corker | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| Texas |  |  |  |  |
| Cornyn | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| Hutchison | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | NV |


| Uтан |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hatch | $Y$ | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ |
| Lee | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ |


| VERMONT |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Leahy | Y | N | N | N |
| Sanders | N | $N$ | $N$ | $N$ |


| Virginia |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Warner | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |
| Webb | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |


| Washington |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cantwell | Y | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |
| Murray | $N$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |


| West Virginia |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Manchin | Y | N | Y | N |
| Rockefeller | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ |


| Wisconsin |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Johnson | Y | Y | N | Y |
| Kohl | Y | N | Y | N |
| WYoming |  |  |  |  |
| Barrasso | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| Enچi | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |


I. HR 2 Health Care Overhaul Law Repeal/Passage. Bill that would repeal the 2010 health care overhaul law. Passed 245-189; I/I9/201I. Placed on Senate Calendar.
2. HR I FY 20II Full Year Continuing Appropriations Act, 201I/Passage. Bill that would provide continuing appropriations through FY 2011 for all government agencies, except the Defense Department, which would receive $\$ 515.8$ billion in base funding. Bill would include Walberg (R-MI) amendment that reduced funding for the National Endowment of the Arts by $\$ 20.6$ million. The bill also would include the Pence ( $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{IN}$ ) amendment that prohibits any funds from being made available to Planned Parenthood Federation of America Inc. or its affiliates. Passed 235-189; 2/19/201I. Placed on Senate Calendar.
3. HR 47I D.C. School Voucher Program/Passage. Bill that would reauthorize and modify the D.C. Opportunity Scholarship program, which provides low-income students with scholarships, or school vouchers, to attend the school of their choice, including private or parochial, in D.C. Passed $225-195 ; 3 / 30 / 201$ I. Placed on Senate Calendar.
4. HR 910 EPA Greenhouse Gas Regulation/Passage. Bill that would prohibit the EPA from regulating greenhouse gases in any effort to address climate change. It would amend the Clean Air Act to strike specific elements from the definition of "air pollutant," unless regulation of those chemicals is not used in an attempt to address climate change. Passed 255-172; 4/7/20II. Referred to Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works.
5. HR 1473 FY 201I Department of Defense and Full Year Continuing Appropriations Act, $2011 /$ Passage. Bill that would provide $\$ 1.055$ trillion in discretionary funding for FY $2011, \$ 39.9$ billion less than FY 2010 spending. The bill contains a full Defense Department spending measure that would appropriate $\$ 513$ billion for FY 20II, plus $\$ 157.8$ billion for overseas operations. Spending for other government agencies and programs would be based on FY 2010 levels, less certain reductions, rescissions and eliminations. The bill would bar the use of federal or local funds for abortions in $D C$. It would modify, reauthorize and appropriate funds for the DC Opportunity Scholarship Program through FY 2016. The bill would bar the use of funds to transfer or release Guantanamo detainees to the U.S. Passed 260-167; 4/I4/20II. Became Public Law 4/I5/20II.
6. H Con Res 34 FY 2012 Budget Resolution/Adoption. Concurrent resolution that would allow $\$ 2.859$ trillion in new budget authority for FY 2012, including up to $\$ 1.019$ trillion in non-emergency discretionary spending. Informally known as "The Ryan Budget," named for its sponsor Rep. Paul Ryan (R-WI), it calls for $\$ 659$ billion in security spending and $\$ 360$ billion in non-security spending. It proposes converting the federal share of Medicaid to a block grant to states, converting Medicare for persons currently younger than 55 into a system in which the government would pay private insurance companies directly for each enrollee. It assumes consolidating the current six tax brackets and cutting the corporate tax rate and the top individual tax rate to $25 \%$. It assumes extension of the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts beyond 2012. It projects that the deficit would be reduced to $\$ 391$ billion by FY 2021. Adopted 235-193; 4/I5/20II.
7. HR 3 Funding Prohibition and Tax Penalties for Abortion Coverage/Passage. Bill that would permanently prohibit federal funding for abortion, except in cases of rape, incest, or when the woman's life is endangered, and would bar federal funds from being used for any health benefits plan if it includes abortion coverage. It would deny the tax credit for premium assistance to individuals who purchase a health plan that includes abortion coverage and would disallow tax deductions for medical expenses for abortion, except in very limited circumstances. It would prohibit federal medical facilities from providing abortion services with very narrow exceptions, and would allow healthcare providers to refuse to provide patient care involving abortion. This bill would impose tax penalties on small businesses that purchase plans that include abortion coverage for their employees. Passed $251-175$; $5 / 4 / 20 \mathrm{II}$. Placed on Senate Calendar.
8. HR 1216 Residency Training Funding/Abortion Training. Foxx ( $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{NC}$ ) amendment to the Public Health Service Act that provides funding for graduate medical education in qualified teaching health centers. This amendment would prohibit funds in the bill from paying for abortion or abortion training. It would also bar funding for teaching health centers if they discriminate against health care providers that refuse to provide abortion, abortion training, or abortion referrals. (The Foxx amendment is distinct from the Hyde Amendment in that it provides a permanent, rather than an annually renewable, prohibition on abortion funding.) Adopted in Committee of the Whole 234-182; $5 / 25 / 201$ I. Amendment referred to the Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions.

## $\begin{array}{llllllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8\end{array}$

| Alabama |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bonner | Y | Y | Y | F | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 2 Roby | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | $Y$ | Y |
| 3 Rogers | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| 4 Aderholt | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | $\gamma$ | Y |
| 5 Brooks | Y | Y | Y | $\gamma$ | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| 6 Bachus | Y | Y | Y | Y | $\gamma$ | Y | Y | Y |
| 7 Sewell | N | N | N | Y | Y | N | N | N |
| Alaska |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| a-l Young | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | NV | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| Arizona |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gosar | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | $Y$ | Y | Y |
| Franks | Y | Y | Y | $\gamma$ | N | Y | Y | Y |
| Quayle | Y | NV | $\gamma$ | Y | N | Y | Y | Y |
| 4 Pastor | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 5 Schweikert | $\gamma$ | Y | $\gamma$ | $\gamma$ | N | Y | $\gamma$ | Y |
| 6 Flake | Y | N | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | Y |
| 7 Grijalva | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 8 Giffords | NV | NV | NV | NV | NV | NV | NV | NV |
| Arkansas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Crawford | Y | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | Y | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y |
| 2 Griffin | Y | $\gamma$ | Y | V | Y | Y | Y | $\gamma$ |
| 3 Womack | Y | Y | Y | Y | V | Y | Y | $\gamma$ |
| 4 Ross | Y | N | N | r | Y | N | Y | Y |
| California |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I Thompson | N | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | $N$ | N |


| 2 | Herger | - | Y | NV | r | Y | Y | $Y$ | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Lungren | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| 4 | McClintock | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $\gamma$ | N | Y | Y | $\gamma$ |
| 5 | Matsui | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 6 | Woolsey | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 7 | Miller, George | N | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 8 | Pelosi | N | N | N | $N$ | N | N | N | $N$ |
| 9 | Lee | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | $N$ |
| 10 | Garamendi | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ |
| 11 | McNerney | N | N | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N |
| 12 | Speier | $N$ | N | $N$ | $N$ | Y | N | N | N |
| 13 | Stark | $N$ | NV | $N$ | $N$ | N | N | N | N |
| 14 | Eshoo | N | N | N | $N$ | $\gamma$ | N | N | N |
| 15 | Honda | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 16 | Lofgren | $N$ | $N$ | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N |
| 17 | Farr | N | N | $N$ | $N$ | N | N | N | N |
| 18 | Cardoza | N | N | N | N | Y | N | N | N |
| 19 | Denham | Y | Y | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| 20 | Costa | N | N | N | Y | $\gamma$ | $N$ | N | N |
| 21 | Nunes | r | Y | $Y$ | Y | Y | Y | $\gamma$ | Y |
| 22 | McCarthy | Y | v | V | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| 23 | Capps | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 24 | Gallegly | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| 25 | McKeon | $\gamma$ | Y | Y | $\gamma$ | $\gamma$ | $\gamma$ | $\gamma$ | Y |
| 26 | Dreier | Y | Y | Y | y | V | Y | Y | $\gamma$ |
| 27 | Sherman | N | N | N | , | $\gamma$ | N | N | N |



Maine


## Representaines


15 Ding
Minnesota

| I | Walz |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Kline |
| 3 | Paulsen |
| 4 | McCollum |
| 5 | Ellison |
| 6 | Bachmann |
| 7 | Peterson |
| 8 | Cravaack |

Mississippi

## 2 Thompson <br> Harper <br> Palažo <br> Missouri



## Montana

a-I Rehberg Nebraska

| I Fortenberry <br> 2 Terry <br> 3 Smith <br> Nevada | $Y$ $Y$ $Y$ | $Y$ $Y$ $Y$ | $Y$ $Y$ $Y$ | $Y$ $Y$ $Y$ | $Y$ $Y$ $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ $Y$ $Y$ | $Y$ $Y$ $Y$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I Berkley | N | $N$ | N | N | $Y$ | N | N | $N$ |
| 2 Heller | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | $Y$ |  |
| 3 Heck. | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N |

New Hampshire

| Guinta | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 Bass | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| New Jersey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Andrews | N | N | N | N | $Y$ | $N$ | $N$ | N |
| 2 LoBiondo | $Y$ | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 3 Runyan | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 4 Smith | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 5 Garrett | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 6 Pallone | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ |
| 7 Lance | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y | Y | $Y$ |
| 8 Pascrell | N | N | NV | N | $Y$ | N | N | $N$ |
| 9 Rothman | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | $Y$ | N | N | $N$ |
| 10 Payne | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | $N$ | $N$ |
| II Frelinghuysen | Y | Y | NV | NV | Y | Y | $Y$ | NV |
| 12 Holt | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 13 Sires | N | N | N | $N$ | $Y$ | N | N | $N$ |

New Mexico

| I | Heinrich | N | N | N | N | Y | N | N | N |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Pearce | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | Y |
| 3 | Lujan | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | New York


| 1 | Bishop | $N$ | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | N | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Israel | $N$ | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | N | N |
| 3 | King | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 4 | McCarthy | $N$ | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | N | NV |
| 5 | Ackerman | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 6 | Meeks | $N$ | N | N | N | NV | NV | N | N |
| 7 | Crowley | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 8 | Nadler | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 9 | Weiner | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 10 | Towns | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 11 | Clarke | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 12 | Velazquez | $N$ | N | NV | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 13 | Grimm | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N |
| 14 | Maloney | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 15 | Rangel | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 16 | Serrano | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 17 | Engel | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 18 | Lowey | $N$ | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | N | N |
| 19 | Hayworth | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | r | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 20 | Gibson | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 21 | Tonko | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 22 | Hinchey | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 23 | Owens | N | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | $N$ | N |
| 24 | Hanna | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N |
| 25 | Buerkle | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 26 | Vacant |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | Higgins | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 28 | Slaughter | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 29 | Reed | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | NV |

North Carolina

| 1 | Butterfield | N | N | N | $N$ | $N$ | N | $N$ | $N$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Ellmers | Y | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ |
| 3 | Jones | Y | N | Y | $Y$ | r | N | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 4 | Price | N | $N$ | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 5 | Foxx | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | Y | $Y$ |
| 6 | Coble | Y | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 7 | McIntyre | $Y$ | N | N | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | Y | $Y$ |
| 8 | Kissell | N | N | $N$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $N$ | $N$ | $N$ |
| 9 | Myrick | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 10 | McHenry | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ |
| 11 | Shuler | N | N | NV | N | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 12 | Watt | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 13 | Miller | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |

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| OHIO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| I | Chabot | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 2 | Schmidt | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 3 | Turner | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 4 | Jordan | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 5 | Latta | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 6 | Johnson | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |


| 7 Austria | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 Boehner | $Y$ | NV | NV | NV | $Y$ | NV | NV | NV |
| 9 Kaptur | N | N | N | N | N | N | $Y$ | N |
| 10 Kucinich | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N | N | $N$ |
| 11 Fudge | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N |
| 12 Tiberi | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 13 Sutton | $N$ | N | N | N | $N$ | N | N | $N$ |
| 14 LaTourette | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 15 Stivers | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 16 Renacci | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 17 Ryan | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ |
| 18 Gibbs | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |

Окцанома

| I | Sullivan | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Boren | $Y$ | N | N | Y | Y | N | Y | Y |
| 3 | Lucas | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 4 | Cole | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 5 | Lankeford | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |

Oregon

| I | Wu |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Walden |
| 3 | Blumenauer |
| 4 | DeFazio |
| 5 | Schrader |

Pennsylvania
$\left.\begin{array}{llllllllll} & \text { I } & \text { Brady } & N & N & N & N & N & N & N\end{array}\right) N$

| 6 Barton | $Y$ | $Y$ | NV | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 Culberson | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y |
| 8 Brady | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y |
| 9 Green, A. | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 10 McCaul | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y | NV | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 11 Conaway | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | y |
| 12 Granger | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y |
| 13 Thornberry | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y |
| 14 Paul | $Y$ | NV | N | $\gamma$ | N | N | $Y$ | $\gamma$ |
| 15 Hinojosa | N | NV | $N$ | N | $Y$ | N | $N$ | N |
| 16 Reyes | N | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N |
| 17 Flores | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ |
| 18 Jackson Lee | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N |
| 19 Neugebauer | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | Y | Y |
| 20 Gonzalez | N | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | $N$ |
| 21 Smith | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | V |
| 22 Olson | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $r$ | $\gamma$ |
| 23 Canseco | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y |
| 24 Marchant | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 25 Doggett | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N |
| 26 Burgess | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | NV | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | NV |
| 27 Farenthold | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 28 Cuellar | $N$ | N | $N$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | N |
| 29 Green, G. | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N | N | N |
| 30 Johnson, E.B. | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | N | N | N |
| 31 Carter | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 32 Sessions | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |

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| I | Bishop | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Matheson | N | N | N | Y | Y | N | Y | N |
| 3 | Chaffetz | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | Y | Y | Y | Vermont


| a-I Welch <br> Virginia | N | N | N | $N$ | N | N | N | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wittman | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 2 Rigell | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | Y | $\gamma$ |
| 3 Scott | N | $N$ | N | N | N | $N$ | N | N |
| 4 Forbes | $Y$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | Y | Y | $Y$ |
| 5 Hurt | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ |
| 6 Goodlatte | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ |
| 7 Cantor | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ |
| 8 Moran | N | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | N | N |
| 9 Griffith | $Y$ | $Y$ | N | $\gamma$ | N | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 10 Wolf | y | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | Y |
| II Connolly | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | $Y$ | N | $N$ | N |

Washington

| 1 | Inslee | N | $N$ | N | $N$ | $Y$ | N | N | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Larsen | N | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | $N$ | N |
| 3 | Herrera Beutler | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | r |
| 4 | Hastings | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | NV |
| 5 | McMorris Rodgers | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | Y |
| 6 | Dicks | N | N | N | N | $Y$ | $N$ | N | N |
| 7 | McDermott | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ | N |
| 8 | Reichert | $\gamma$ | Y | N | $Y$ | NV | NV | $Y$ | Y |
| 9 | Smith | N | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | N |  |

West Virginia

| I $\quad$ McKinley | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Capito | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| $N$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Rahall | $N$ | $N$ | $N$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $N$ | $Y$ |
| WISCONSIN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Wisconsin

| Ryan | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | Y | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 Baldwin | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | $N$ |
| 3 Kind | $N$ | N | N | N | $Y$ | N | N | N |
| 4 Moore | $N$ | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 5 Sensenbrenner | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 6 Petri | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | NV | Y |
| 7 Duffy | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $\gamma$ | $\gamma$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| 8 Ribble | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| Wroming |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| a-l Lummis | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |

## HOW LAWS ARE MADE

Laws may be initiated in either chamber of Congress, the House of Representatives or the Senate. As the majority of laws originate in the House of Representatives, this summary will focus principally on the procedure in that body.
I. When a Representative has an idea for a new law, s/he becomes the sponsor of that bill and introduces it by giving it to the clerk of the House or by placing it in a box, called the hopper. The clerk assigns a legislative number to the bill, with H.R. for bills introduced in the House and S. for bills introduced in the Senate. The Government Printing Office (GPO) then prints the bill and distributes copies to each representative.
2. Next, the bill is assigned to a committee (the House has 22 standing committees, each with jurisdiction over bills in certain areas) by the Speaker of the House so that it can be studied.

The standing committee (or often a subcommittee) studies the bill and hears testimony from experts and people interested in the bill. The committee then may release the bill with a recommendation to pass it, or revise the bill and release it, or lay it aside so that the House cannot vote on it. Releasing the bill is called reporting it out, while laying it aside is called tabling.
3. If the bill is released, it then goes on a calendar (a list of bills awaiting action). Here the House Rules Committee may call for the bill to be voted on quickly, limit the debate, or limit or prohibit amendments. Undisputed bills may be passed by unanimous consent, or by a two-thirds vote if members agree to suspend the rules.
4. The bill now goes to the floor of the House for consideration and begins with a complete reading of the bill (sometimes this is the only complete reading). A third reading (title only) occurs after any amendments have been added. If the bill passes by simple majority ( 218 of 435), the bill moves to the Senate.
5. In order to be introduced in the Senate, a senator must be recognized by the Presiding Officer and announce the introduction of the bill. Sometimes, when a bill has passed in one house, it becomes known as an act; however, this term usually means a bill that has been passed by both houses and becomes law.
6. Just as in the House, the bill then is assigned to a committee. It is assigned to one of the Senate's 16 standing committees by the Presiding Officer. The Senate committee studies and either releases or tables the bill just like the House standing committee.
7. Once released, the bill goes to the Senate floor for consideration. Bills are voted on in the Senate based on the order they come from the committee; however, an urgent bill may be pushed ahead by leaders of the majority party. When the Senate considers the bill, they can vote on it indefinitely. When there is no more debate, the bill is voted on. A simple majority ( 51 of 100 ) passes the bill.
8. The bill now moves onto a conference committee, which is made up of members from each chamber. The committee works out any differences between the House and Senate versions of the bill. The revised bill is sent back to both the House and Senate for their final approval. Once approved, the bill is printed by the Government Printing Office (GPO) in a process called enrolling. The clerk from the introducing chamber certifies the final version.
9. The enrolled bill is now signed by the Speaker of the House and then the Vice President. Finally, it is sent for presidential consideration. The President has 10 days to sign or veto the enrolled bill. If the President vetoes the bill, it can still become a law if two-thirds of the Senate and two-thirds of the House then vote in favor of the bill.

## HOW TO MAKE YOUR VOICE HEARD

## IN CONGRESS

As you read this guide, take note of how your senators and representative voted on issues that matter to you. Contact them regularly and let them know where you stand. Your message may be as simple as the samples below:

Addresses:
The Honorable
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable
United States House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Sample letter/e-mail:
Dear Senator/Rep.
I am writing to ask you to support/vote against
(issue, bill \#, if you know it).
This issue is important and deserves your attention.
Sincerely,
Your name, address

Phone: Capitol Switchboard (202) 224-3121
Sample phone call:
"Hello. My name is ................................... and I am a constituent.
I would like to register my opinion on the issue of I am in favor of/opposed to it. Please pass this information along to Senator................../Rep. Thank you."

E-mail: www.congress.org provides access to all elected officials. To contact your senators and representative, just enter your zip code.

Please take the time to communicate with your elected officials after a vote has taken place. Thanking them for favorable votes is as important as expressing disapproval for unfavorable ones.

## Calls, mail and faxes are tallied. They do make a difference.

The Jewish Community Voter Guide is published by the JAC Education Foundation, P. 0. Box 54I, Highland Park, Illinois 60035. For more information, call (847) 433-0944. Contributions to the JAC Education Foundation are tax deductible for federal income tax purposes as a donation to an organization exempt under IRS code $501(c)(3)$.

## ABOUT THIS VOTER GUIDE

This is Volume IX, Number I of the Jewish Community Voter Guide, published twice a year by the JAC Education Foundation. The Voter Guide is for informational purposes only and is not intended to influence the outcome of any election.

The JAC Education Foundation does not advocate the election or defeat of any candidate and does not endorse any political party. The information in this Voter Guide is provided as a resource to help you understand the issues before the II2th Congress, to communicate your opinions to elected officials on these issues, and to make you an informed participant in the political process.

## ABOUT THE JAC EDUCATION FOUNDATION

The JAC Education Foundation was formed to educate and engage the Jewish community in electoral politics and issues of Jewish concern. The Jewish community is no longer immune to the apathy and ignorance that affect the nation as a whole. We cannot take elections for granted: we must educate ourselves, register and vote, and urge others to do the same.

The JAC Education Foundation seeks to increase political involvement through knowledge of:

- how to be an effective advocate
- which legislative issues are important
- what Congressional action has been taken


## ABOUT THE CONGRESSIONAL INDEX

This is a record of how each member of the United States Congress voted on issues of concern to American Jewry as identified by the JAC Education Foundation in consultation with recognized authorities who monitor these issues. Read the vote descriptions. Examine the Congressional index to learn how members of Congress voted. These votes indicate where members of Congress stand on key issues.

